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1. Identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product Identity 298 Alumin-R Aluminum Asphalt Coatings
Alternate Names 298 Alumin-R Aluminum Asphalt Coatings

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended useSee Technical Data Sheet.Application MethodSee Technical Data Sheet.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Name Karnak Corporation

330 Central Ave.

Clark, NJ 07066 USA

Emergency www.karnakcorp.com

CHEMTREC (USA) (800) 424-9300

24 hour Emergency Telephone No.OUTSIDE THE U.S AND CANADA 1-202-483-7616

Customer Service: Karnak Corporation 1-800-526-4236

2. Hazard(s) identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flam. Liq. 3;H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.

Skin Corr. 1B;H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Eye Dam. 1;H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Skin Sens. 1;H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

2.2. Label elements

Using the Toxicity Data listed in section 11 and 12 the product is labeled as follows.



Danger

H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.



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- H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H318 Causes serious eye damage.

[Prevention]:

- P210 Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces No smoking.
- P235 Keep cool.
- P240 Ground / bond container and receiving equipment.
- P241 Use explosion-proof electrical / ventilating / light / equipment.
- P242 Use only non-sparking tools.
- P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
- P261 Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapors / spray.
- P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.
- P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.
- P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
- P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.

[Response]:

P301+310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor / physician.

P302+352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P303+361+353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove / Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water / shower.

P304+340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P305+351+338 IF IN EYES: Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do - continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor / physician.

P313 Get medical advice / attention.

P321 Specific treatment (see information on this label).

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P333+313 If skin irritation or a rash occurs: Get medical advice / attention.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P370+378 In case of fire: Use extinguishing media listed in section 5 of SDS for extinction.

[Storage]:

P403+233 Store in a well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

[Disposal]:

P501 Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local / national regulations.

3. Composition/information on ingredients



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This product contains the following substances that present a hazard within the meaning of the relevant State and Federal Hazardous Substances regulations.

Ingredient/Chemical Designations	Weight %	GHS Classification	Notes
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic CAS Number: 0064742-95-6	50 - 75	Asp. Tox. 1;H304	[1]
Asphalt (petroleum) CAS Number: 0008052-42-4	25 - 50	Not Classified	[1][2]
Aluminum (AI) CAS Number: 0007429-90-5	10 - 25	Pyr. Sol. 1;H250 WaterReact. 2;H261	[1][2]
Styrene-Butadiene polymer CAS Number: 0009003-55-8	10 - 25	Skin Sens. 1;H317	[1]
Wollastonite CAS Number: 0013983-17-0	1.0 - 10	Skin Corr. 1B;H314 Eye Dam. 1;H318 STOT SE 3;H335	[1]
Calcium carbonate CAS Number: 0001317-65-3	1.0 - 10	Not Classified	[1][2]

In accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200, the specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard.
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit.
- [3] PBT-substance or vPvB-substance.

4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Inhalation If respiratory discomfort occurs, remove to fresh air. If discomfort continues, administer

oxygen and get medical attention.

Eyes Irrigate copiously with clean water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart and

seek medical attention.

Skin If this product comes in contact with skin, remove material with mineral oil, then wash with

soap and plenty of water.

Ingestion If swallowed obtain immediate medical attention. Keep at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Overview POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

Eye Contact: May cause tearing, stinging, redness, irritation, and burns.

Inhalation: Irritating to respiratory tract. Prolonged or repeated breathing of very high vapor concentrations cause euphoria, excitation, and dizziness, headaches, nausea, and vomiting, abdominal pain, fatigue, muscular weakness. Aspiration into the lungs can cause CNS (central nervous system) and subsequent aspiration into the lungs can cause pulmonary edema and chemical pneumonia depression. Chronic overexposure in high

concentrations may produce CNS depression.

^{*}The full texts of the phrases are shown in Section 16.



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Ingestion: Irritation of the mouth, esophagus, and stomach can develop following ingestion. Symptoms include burning of the mouth, sore throat, vomiting, nausea, dizziness, loss of consciousness. Due to its light viscosity, there is danger of aspiration into the lungs during vomiting. Aspiration can result in severe lung damage or death. Skin Contact: Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause moderate to severe irritation including itching and redness of the skin, defatting, and/or dermatitis. This product can also be absorbed through the skin and produce CNS symptoms. Single prolonged exposure is not likely to result in the product being absorbed through the skin in harmful amounts. Signs And Symptoms Of Exposure: Eye irritation, respiratory irritation, drying and cracking of skin, dizziness, fatigue, headache, unconsciousness or asphyxiation. Chronic effects of ingestion and subsequent aspiration into the lungs can cause pneumatocele (lung cavity) formation and chronic lung dysfunction. Repeated breathing of vapors can cause effects to liver and kidneys.

Exposure to solvent vapor concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatique, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversible damage. See section 2 for further details.

Eyes Causes serious eye damage.

Skin May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Use dry chemicals, carbon dioxide foam, water fog, or inert gas (nitrogen) for small fires. For large fires use foam, water fog, or water spray. Water fog and spray are effective in cooling containers and adjacent structures but might cause frothing and/or not achieve extinguishment. A water jet may be used to cool the container's external walls to prevent pressure build-up, auto ignition, or explosion. NEVER use a water jet directly on the fire. Product will float and can be re-ignited on surface of water.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous decomposition: High temperatures and fires may produce such toxic substances as carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces - No smoking. Keep cool.

Ground / bond container and receiving equipment.



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Use explosion-proof electrical / ventilating / light / equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapors / spray.

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

When heated above flash point, material will release flammable vapors which can burn or be explosive in confined spaces if ignited. Do not mix with strong oxidants such as liquid chlorine or concentrated oxygen.

Minimize breathing vapors, gases or fumes of decomposition products. Do not enter any enclosed or confined fire space without proper protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus.

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6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow spills to enter drains or waterways.

Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate sources of ignition, and ventilate the area. Add sand or earth or absorb spill with suitable absorbent material and place in a closed container.

Keep product out of sewers and waterways by diking or impounding. Advise authorities if product has entered or may enter sewers or waterways. Assure conformity with applicable governmental regulations.

Eliminate ignition sources. Soak up with noncombustible absorbent material. Remove absorbent material for proper disposal.

7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

The requirements of the Highly Flammable Liquids and Liquefied Petroleum Gases Regulations apply if the flashpoint is between 21°C and 32°C.

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Handle containers carefully to prevent damage and spillage.

Naked flames and smoking should not be permitted in storage areas. It is recommended that fork lift trucks and electrical equipment are protected to the appropriate standard.

Incompatible materials: Strong acids, alkalis, and oxidizers such as liquid chlorine, halogens, hydrogen peroxide,



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oxygen.

Other Precautions: All labeled precautions must be observed when handling, storing and transporting empty containers due to product residues. Do not reuse containers. Empty containers may contain material residues which can ignite with explosive force. Cutting or welding of empty containers can cause fire, explosion, or release fumes from residues. Keep containers closed and drum bungs in place. Dispose of in a licensed facility.

See section 2 for further details. - [Storage]:

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Health studies have shown that many petroleum hydrocarbons pose potential human health risks which may vary from person to person. As a precaution, exposure to liquids, vapors, mists or fumes should be minimized.

8. Exposure controls and personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
0001317-65-3	Calcium carbonate	OSHA	TWA 15 mg/m3 (total) TWA 5 mg/m3 (resp)
		ACGIH	TWA: 10 mg/m3 Ceiling: 20 mg/m3
		NIOSH	TWA 10 mg/m3 (total) TWA 5 mg/m3 (resp)
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0007429-90-5	Aluminum (Al)	OSHA	TWA 15 mg/m3 (total) TWA 5 mg/m3 (resp)
		ACGIH	TWA: 1.o mg/m3Revised 2008,
		NIOSH	TWA 10 mg/m3 (total) TWA 5 mg/m3 (resp)
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0008052-42-4	Asphalt (petroleum)	OSHA	No Established Limit
		ACGIH	TWA: 0.5 mg/m32B
		NIOSH	Ca C 5 mg/m3 [15-minute]
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0009003-55-8 Styrene-Buta	Styrene-Butadiene polymer	OSHA	No Established Limit
		ACGIH	No Established Limit
		NIOSH	No Established Limit
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0013983-17-0	Wollastonite	OSHA	No Established Limit
		ACGIH	No Established Limit
		NIOSH	No Established Limit
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0064742-95-6	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	OSHA	No Established Limit
		ACGIH	No Established Limit
		NIOSH	No Established Limit
		Supplier	No Established Limit



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Carcinogen Data

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value		
0001317-65-3 Calcium carbonate		OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No		
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No		
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;		
0007429-90-5 Aluminum (Al)		OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No		
	NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No			
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;		
0008052-42-4 Asphalt (petroleum)		OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No		
	NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No			
	IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: Yes; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;			
0009003-55-8	0009003-55-8 Styrene-Butadiene polymer	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No		
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No		
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: Yes; Group 4: No;		
0013983-17-0	Wollastonite	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No		
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No		
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: Yes; Group 4: No;		
0064742-95-6 Solvent naphtha (petroleum), ligh aromatic		OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No		
	aromatic	NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No		
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;		

8.2. Exposure controls

Respiratory If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit they must use the

appropriate, certified respirators.

Eyes Safety glasses or face shield for liquid material.

Skin Wear nitrile or similar chemical resistant gloves to keep skin contact to a minimum.

Refer to the manufacturer's recommendations regarding the suitability of any gloves used.

Engineering Controls Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the

use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and any vapor below occupational exposure limits

suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Other Work Practices Long sleeves and impervious clothing to protect against splashing.

Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or

using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

9. Physical and chemical properties



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Appearance

Odor

Odor threshold

pН

Melting point / freezing point

Initial boiling point and boiling range

Flash Point

Evaporation rate (Ether = 1)

Flammability (solid, gas)

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Vapor pressure (Pa)

Vapor Density

Specific Gravity

Solubility in Water

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)

Auto-ignition temperature

Decomposition temperature

Viscosity (cSt)

9.2. Other information

No other relevant information.

Dark Aluminum Liquid

Mild Petroleum

Not Measured

Not Measured

NA

300-350F

(PMCC): 104F min.

(Butyl Acetate=1)@77F: 0.2

Not Applicable

Lower Explosive Limit: Not Measured

Upper Explosive Limit: Not Measured

3

(Air=1): > 4

(H2O=1): 0.8 - 1.2

Insoluble

Not Measured

Not Measured

Not Measured

Not Measured

10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Hazardous Polymerization will not occur.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal circumstances.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Excessive heat and open flame.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids, alkalis, and oxidizers such as liquid chlorine, halogens, hydrogen peroxide, oxygen.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

High temperatures and fires may produce such toxic substances as carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.



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11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Exposure to solvent vapor concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversible damage.

Based upon animal testing, the C9 aromatic hydrocarbon components (trimethylbenzenes and ethylmethylbenzenes) are presumed to cause fetal toxicity and/or decreased fetal and newborn weights if overexposure occurs during the early gestation period.

Ingredient	Oral LD50, mg/kg	Skin LD50, mg/kg	Inhalation Vapor LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Dust/Mist LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Gas LC50, ppm
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic - (64742-95-6)	6,800.00, Rat - Category: NA	3,400.00, Rabbit - Category: 5	No data available	No data available	No data available
Asphalt (petroleum) - (8052-42-4)	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
Aluminum (Al) - (7429-90-5)	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
Styrene-Butadiene polymer - (9003-55-8)	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
Wollastonite - (13983-17-0)	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
Calcium carbonate - (1317-65-3)	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available

Note: When no route specific LD50 data is available for an acute toxin, the converted acute toxicity point estimate was used in the calculation of the product's ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimate).

Classification	Category	Hazard Description	
Acute toxicity (oral)		Not Applicable	
Acute toxicity (dermal)		Not Applicable	
Acute toxicity (inhalation)		Not Applicable	
Skin corrosion/irritation	1B Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.		
Serious eye damage/irritation	1	Causes serious eye damage.	
Respiratory sensitization		Not Applicable	



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Skin sensitization	1	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Germ cell mutagenicity		Not Applicable	
Carcinogenicity		Not Applicable	
Reproductive toxicity		Not Applicable	
STOT-single exposure		Not Applicable	
STOT-repeated exposure		Not Applicable	
Aspiration hazard		Not Applicable	

12. Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

The preparation has been assessed following the conventional method of the Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC and GHS and is not classified as dangerous for the environment, but contains substance(s) dangerous for the environment. See section 3 for details

Aquatic Ecotoxicity

Ingredient	96 hr LC50 fish, mg/l	48 hr EC50 crustacea, mg/l	ErC50 algae, mg/l
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic - (64742-95-6)	9.22, Oncorhynchus mykiss	6.14, Daphnia magna	19.00 (72 hr), Selenastrum capricornutum
Asphalt (petroleum) - (8052-42-4)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Aluminum (Al) - (7429-90-5)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Styrene-Butadiene polymer - (9003-55-8)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Wollastonite - (13983-17-0)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Calcium carbonate - (1317-65-3)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

12.2. Persistence and degradability

There is no data available on the preparation itself.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Not Measured

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This product contains no PBT/vPvB chemicals.

12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

13. Disposal considerations



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13.1. Waste treatment methods

Observe all federal, state and local regulations when disposing of this substance.

14. Transport information

DOT (Domestic IMO / IMDG (Ocean ICAO/IATA

Ground Transportation)

Transportation)

14.1. UN number UN1999 UN1999 UN1999

14.2. UN proper Not regulated, non-bulk Tars, liquid including road oils and Tars, liquid including road oils

shipping name cutback bitumens and cutback bitumens

14.3. Transport IMDG: 3 Air Class: 3

hazard class(es)

14.4. Packing group

EmS No. F-E, S-E

14.5. Environmental hazards

IMDG: Marine Pollutant: No Air Class: 3

14.6. Special precautions for user

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15. Regulatory information

Regulatory Overview The regulatory data in Section 15 is not intended to be all-inclusive, only selected

regulations are represented.

Toxic Substance All components of this material are either listed or exempt from listing on the TSCA

Control Act (TSCA) Inventory.

WHMIS Classification B3 D2B E

US EPA Tier II Hazards Fire: Yes

Sudden Release of Pressure: No

Reactive: No Immediate (Acute): Yes Delayed (Chronic): No

EPCRA 311/312 Chemicals and RQs:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

EPCRA 302 Extremely Hazardous:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

EPCRA 313 Toxic Chemicals:

Aluminum (AI)



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Proposition 65 - Carcinogens (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 - Female Repro Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 - Male Repro Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

New Jersey RTK Substances (>1%):

Aluminum (AI)

Asphalt (petroleum)

Calcium carbonate

Pennsylvania RTK Substances (>1%):

Aluminum (AI)

Asphalt (petroleum)

Calcium carbonate

16. Other information

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, is made with respect to the information contained herein. We accept no responsibility and disclaim all liability for any harmful effects which may be caused by exposure to our products. Customers/users of this product must comply with all applicable health and safety laws, regulations, and orders.

The full text of the phrases appearing in section 3 is:

H250 Catches fire spontaneously if exposed to air.

H261 In contact with water releases flammable gases.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

This is the first version in the GHS SDS format. Listings of changes from previous versions in other formats are not applicable.

Disclaimer: This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Although certain hazards are described herein, we



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cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist. The information has been completed to the best of our knowledge and is believed to be accurate and reliable as from the date indicated. However, no warranty is made as to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy oneself as to the suitability and completeness of such information for his own particular use.

End of Document